Lindenwood University

Digital Commons@Lindenwood University

George Champlin Sibley Papers

George and Mary Easton Sibley Papers

8-10-1833

Missouri Intelligencer Article on George Sibley, August 10, 1833

Missouri Intelligencer

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.lindenwood.edu/george



Part of the United States History Commons

MAJOR RIBLEY'S DECLERATION. - The last Western mail, which arrived here on the seventh inst. (Two days after the . election!) brought us a letter from Maj.] l Sibilar, notifying us of his withdrawal - frem the Congressional canvass!!--In justice to him, however, we state the , fact, that his letter bears date the Ilst July, and was written appearently in the expectation of its reaching us in time for publication in our last paper-Abet it is post-marked " St. Charles, 3d]: August," (the day our paper was prin-

(ted)-and if it had out mave been sent, together with all the other letters and papers for this place, to Fayette, and from thence returned two or three days afterwards, (through some misman-agement of the St. Charles Post-master) it would have been received by us late on Monday evening, (after all the votes had been taken.) Maj. S. did, indeed, publish his withdrawal, in the St. Louis Republican and Times, of Friday and Saturwas all the notice the people bad. It was annexed to his letter, which appear red in our last week's paper and repubhished in the Republican and Times -and is as follows: " Towards Dr. Bull I have never for a moot ment entertained feelings of hostility or disis respect; and however great the difference bei, tween our political principles may be, I have d always esteemed him, and often defended him, s. as a gentleman and a man of honor; and if I r, could have done so consistently with my preis tensions to the same character, I should assurl- ediy, long since have retired from the canvass, y agreeably to the request of many of our maa tual friends. On this subject, I have only to e say, that as I am now well convinced that , the political principles, and views of our Mish souri interests, which I entertain and by which e I am guided, are yet in a very lean majority in this State, and that my election is consequently impossible, I do most anxiously hope that no votes may be given to me, that would, if I were out of view, be given to Dr. Bull, for I consider it very important for the honor and or interest of the State, under existing curoumstances, that the Doctor should be elected, as there is every reason to hope will be the case.'